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W.E.B. Du Bois Civil Rights Impact

W.E.B. Du Bois was one of the major leaders in the civil rights movement. He just kept trying for racial equality. He put racial equality before his job at the University of Atlanta by quitting his job then working as editor of the NAACP. He wanted to do things that everyone said he could not do. He was even giving speeches when he was in his 80’s. He also had his own ideas on racial equality and how to fight back on racism.

He got a PhD from Harvard being the first African American to do so. When he was 80 years old the racial equality protests started taking place more and more. The “Freedom rides” started happening. Rosa Parks started the “Freedom rides” by not giving up her seat when a Caucasian male asked her to move to the back of the bus. Also James Meredith started going to the college Ole Miss which at the time was a strictly white school. The racism got so bad the bodyguards from the government escorted him everywhere. At this time W.E.B. Du Bois started taking affirmative action in the civil rights movement.

W.E.B. Du Bois wanted a separate economy for each racial group doing so would show which group would do better instead of just assuming. If this was to happen the world would be in a much different perspective. he also joined the socialist party in 1912. Then he told everyone of this thought but it never seemed to stick. When he did this it showed that he wasn’t afraid to stand up for his beliefs.

He tried editing books in the NAACP like the book “The Crisis” he did write a couple books his third book was call “The souls of Black folk” this one being the most famous of his books. He tried to express his want for racial equality through writing. He also was a firm believer in pan-Africanism which is the belief that every person who has ancestors from Africa have something in common.

W.E.B. Did everything to counter racism by quitting his job as a professor it showed how much he cared for racial equality. I think that’s why he made such a big impact in the civil rights movement. He said not 1 but all African American equality was a right to citizenship. This means that not just desegregated schools but bathrooms and restraunts and discrimination in housing.

He just wanted to show everyone that he could do things that they said he could not and he always tried for racial equality. In conclusion t he was or is one of the biggest impact and activists In the civil rights movement.